

2005 年深圳大学硕士研究生入学考试试题

(答题必须写在答题纸上, 写在本试题纸上无效)

专业: 国际法学考试科目: 国际经济法

- 一、试论述当代国际投资法的规则体系 (50 分)
- 二、试举实例并结合国际经济法理论阐述当代国际间区域经济一体化实践 (50 分)
- 三、请用英语回答下面的问题, 如不能用英文而用中文回答者, 减去分, 即本题用中文回答的满分为 40 分 (50 分)

Frosty Company, the largest manufacturer of popsicles in State F, decided about two years ago to enter the popsicle market in State G. Several small companies in State G manufacture popsicles, but the market has traditionally been very small. When Frosty entered State G's market, it undertook a widespread advertising campaign to promote popsicle consumption and to encourage consumers to try its product by publishing coupons in newspapers that allowed purchasers to buy Frosty popsicles below their actual cost. As a consequence of this campaign, the sales of popsicles in State G have skyrocketed. In addition, the sales of popsicles manufactured by the State G firms have also more than tripled. State G's popsicle manufacturers are, nonetheless, displeased, because their market share has gone from 100 percent to 30 percent in two years. Concerned with this loss, they have asked State G to impose antidumping duties on Frosty, since its popsicles are being sold below cost. Both State F and State G are members of the WTO. Should State G impose antidumping duties on Frosty? Explain.