

2006 年上海海事大学攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试试题(A 卷)

(答案必须做在答题纸上, 做在试题上不给分)

考试科目: 英语语法

I. Fill in each blank with an appropriate preposition or adverb particle: (15%)

1. This paint will adhere _____ any surface, whether rough or smooth.
2. He is played _____ by overwork and worry.
3. They had to decide _____ surrender and starvation.
4. It was adapted _____ a novel _____ Sinclair Lewis.
5. A good government has a right _____ allegiance _____ the citizen.
6. She choked _____ a sob.
7. Competition has forced _____ many small firms.
8. Their home contains many rare antiques which have been handed _____ to them _____ one generation _____ another.
9. He bent _____ the storm _____ his father's anger.
10. Once you've given your word, don't try to back _____.

II. Correct errors, if any, in the following sentences without altering the basic intended meaning. Leave out those you deem acceptable: (15%)

1. It was proposed that the cultural relations between the two countries were expanded.
2. There are likely more difficulties than you were prepared for.
3. He seldom went anywhere beside to the workshop.
4. He returned to Shanghai that winter, disguising as a merchant.
5. Not received an answer, he decided to write another letter to them.
6. An expert, together with some assistants, were sent to help in this work.
7. The food and the textile industry depends mainly on agriculture for raw material.
8. We do not believe there is such a thing as a future life.
9. I was curious what he would say next.

10. He is dangerous near the edge of the precipice.
11. The books are many, but the pictures are few.
12. Forgive me, because I am too busy to go out with you.
13. There is no good trying again.
14. The vase is a fine piece of property.
15. I hope seeing him again.

III. Put the verbs (in the brackets) into the proper forms: (30%)

1. I long _____ (have) it in mind _____ (answer) your letter.
2. We'll have more meetings like this in the few weeks _____ (come)
3. The enemy _____ (report) _____ (surrend).
4. Is it possible for our hopes _____ (realize)?
5. Have you any objection to _____ (go) there on foot?
6. I don't remember ever _____ (promise) you that.
7. _____ (delight) with her work, they made her the general manager.
8. _____ (fight) no battle _____ (unprepare).
9. _____ (put) it mildly, you have caused us some inconvenience.
10. If we _____ (not build) the reservoir, there _____ (be) a terrible flood.
11. The commander ordered that all civilians _____ (evacuate).

IV. Combine each group of sentences into one by means of subordination in the most logical and coherent way: (15%)

1. The innovation creating the most excitement is the development of fuel cell technology.
This technology uses hydrogen and oxygen to set off a chemical reaction that produces electricity.
2. The prisoner was guilty.
This was plain to everybody.
3. We'll let you use the room.
You have to keep the room clean and tidy.
4. We are short of manpower.
We'll try to finish the work in time.
5. He jotted the name down.

He feared he might forget the name.

V. Rewrite the following using non-finite clauses, verbless clauses, or absolute constructions: (20%)

1. As they are cheerful, efficient and warm-hearted, they will do everything to make your journey smooth and comfortable.
2. After the report was read, a lively discussion began.
3. I was ready for bed by eight o'clock because I had worked hard all day.
4. Jim neglected food and sleep as he was absorbed in his work.
5. The chairman was anxious for a quick decision and he called for a vote.

VI. Translate the following into Chinese: (20%)

The drastic development and wide use of computer and Internet technology not only has greatly improved work efficiency for people, but also is changing their living style to a certain degree. But at the same time, it brings about some negative effects, such as information piracy, crimes by means of computer and Internet and great losses caused by virus invasion. Besides, many people are indulged in the network all day and night, affording no time to study or work, which will make them amount to nothing in the long run. In a word, both the computer and the Internet are nothing but a tool. Whether a tool can really do good to man depends on how he uses it.

VII. Write an essay entitled "Living in an Age of information Explosion". Try to demonstrate your good command of the English syntactic devices of coordination and subordination: (35%)